## Implementation of a relativistic full-potential KKR method and a numerical discussion for the Mathieu potential

•Matthias Geilhufe<sup>1</sup> Steven Achilles<sup>2</sup> Markus Arthur Köbis<sup>3</sup> Martin Arnold<sup>3</sup> Ingrid Mertig<sup>1,2</sup> Wolfram Hergert<sup>2</sup> Arthur Ernst<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup> Max Planck Institute of Microstructure Physics, Halle, Germany
<sup>2</sup> Institute of Physics, Martin Luther University Halle-Wittenberg, Germany
<sup>3</sup> Institute of Mathematics, Martin Luther University Halle-Wittenberg, Germany

For the implementation of a fully-relativistic full-potential Korringa-Kohn-Rostoker Green function method, an accurate solution of the single-site scattering problem is necessary. Within this talk an implementation of a solver for the single-site scattering problem will be discussed, first, by means of the direct solution of the underlying differential equations and, second, by means of the solution of the Lippmann-Schwinger equation. Furthermore the numerical accuracy for the Mathieu potential [1] will be compared. Instead of using the Lippmann-Schwinger equation like in previous implementations [2,3], it will be shown, that the solution via linear multi-step methods is a reasonable choice. In particular, an Adams-Bashforth-Moulton predictor-corrector method was implemented within the KKR code Hutsepot and it will be used to compare analytical and numerical band structure calculations.

## References

- [1] C.-Y. Yeh *et al.*, Phys. Rev. B **42**, 10976-10982 (1990)
- [2] B. Drittler *et al.*, Solid State Commun. **79**, 31-35 (1991)
- [3] T. Huhne *et al.*, Phys. Rev. B 58, 10236-10247 (1998)

<sup>•</sup> geilhufe@mpi-halle.mpg.de